

# The Specification

## EK13 Serial Counter Balanced Stacker

**Note:** Before using, please read this manual!



**EKKO Material Handling Equipment Manufacturing, Inc.**

# Contents

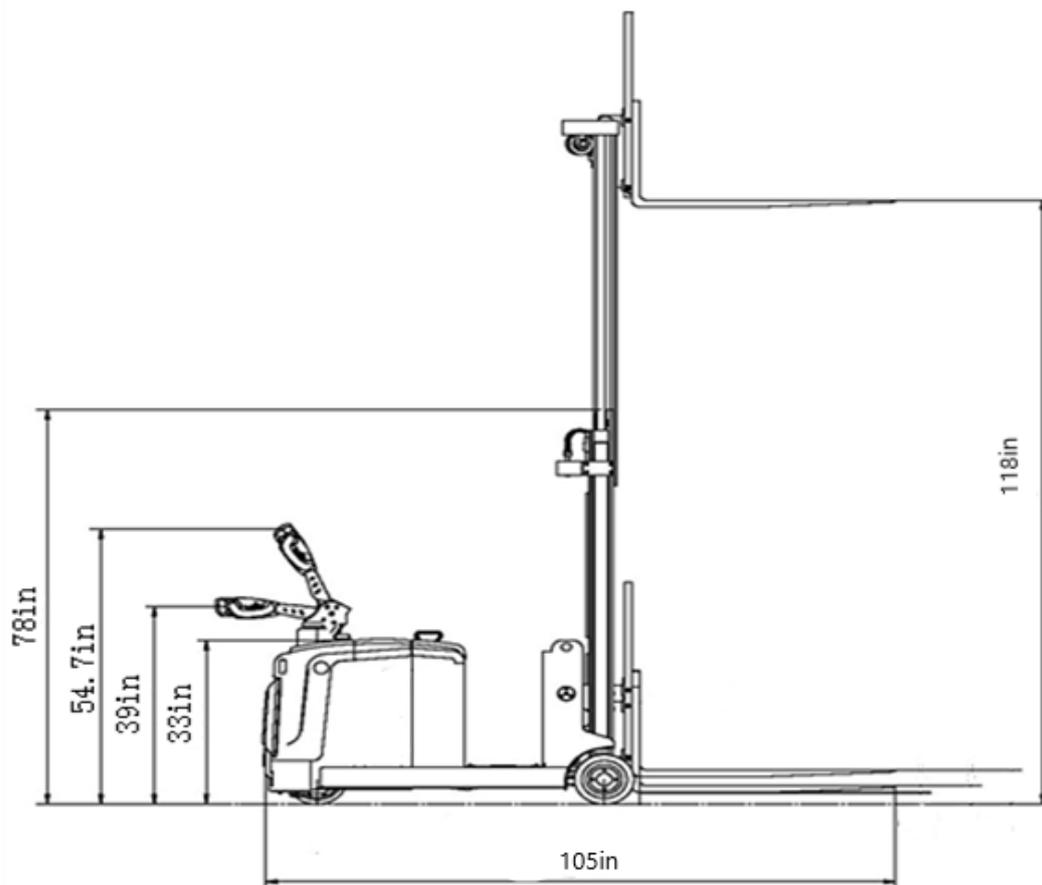
1、 Models.....	- 2 -
1.1 Summarize .....	- 2 -
1.2 Model of parameters .....	- 2 -
2、 Basic structure and principle.....	- 4 -
2.1 Basic structure .....	- 4 -
2.2 Operating principle .....	- 4 -
2.3 Electrical principle.....	- 6 -
2.4 Hydraulic Principle.....	- 8 -
3、 Safety operation and matters needing attention .....	- 9 -
3.1 General rule .....	- 9 -
3.2 Storage and transportation .....	- 9 -
3.3 Check before using .....	- 9 -
3.4 Operation specification.....	- 10 -
3.5 Safe Operation Rules .....	- 12 -
4、 Maintenance and Service Manual .....	- 14 -
4.1 Repair and maintenance of safety procedures .....	- 14 -
4.2 Routine Maintenance (Before every shift) .....	- 15 -
4.3 Professional Maintenance Manual .....	- 15 -
4.4 Maintenance, Recharging and Replacement of the accumulator .....	- 16 -
5、 Repair Manual.....	- 19 -
5.1 Fault Diagnosis .....	- 19 -
5.2 Preparation before repair .....	- 20 -
5.3 Check hydraulic oil level.....	- 20 -
5.4 Use Preparation after maintenance or repairing .....	- 21 -

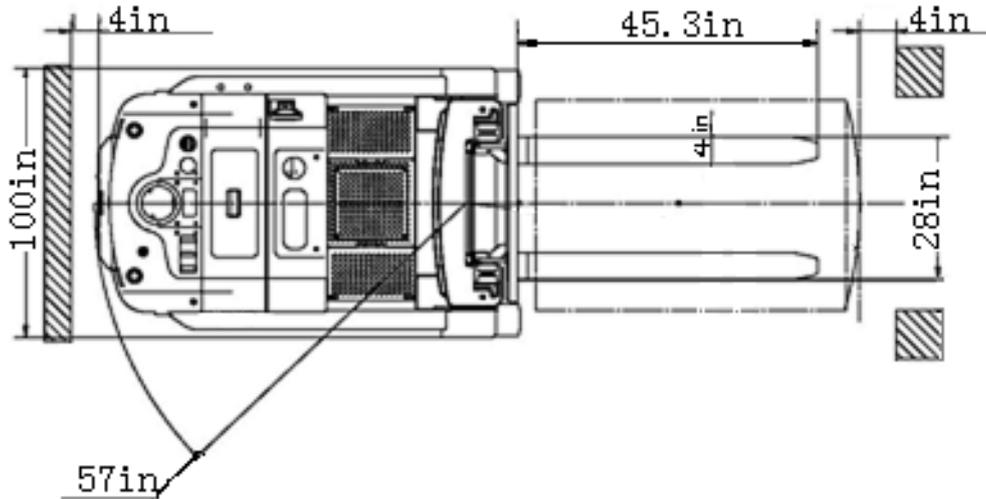
# 1: Models

## 1.1 Summarize

The specification includes full EK13 serial battery walkie counterbalance stacker. Model “EK13 load capacity is 2860lbs., EK13 load capacity is 2860lbs; 1980lbs be the max lifting height is 118in accord with JB/T8452-1996 《Battery forklift truck model compilation method》, “G” be product code, “L” be stand up.

## 1.2 Model of parameters





Model		EK13
Load capacity		Power
Operator type		Walking
Load capacity	(lbs.)	2860
Load center distance	(in)	24
Wheel base	(in)	47
Lifting height	(in)	118
Free lifting height	(in)	4
Lowered mast height	(in)	84
Extended mast height	(in)	155
Mast/Fork carriage tilt forward/backward	(°)	2/5
Overall length	(in)	100
Overall width	(in)	39
Fork size, Thickness/Width/Length	(in)	1.4/4/45.3
Fork adjust width	(in)	8.7-28
Turning radius	(in)	57
Max. gradient performance, laden/unladen	(%)	6/10
Lift speed, laden/unladen	(in/s)	4/5.1
Lowering speed, laden/unladen	(in/s)	5.3/4.7
Charger		24V/30
Driving Motor		AC 24V/2.0kw

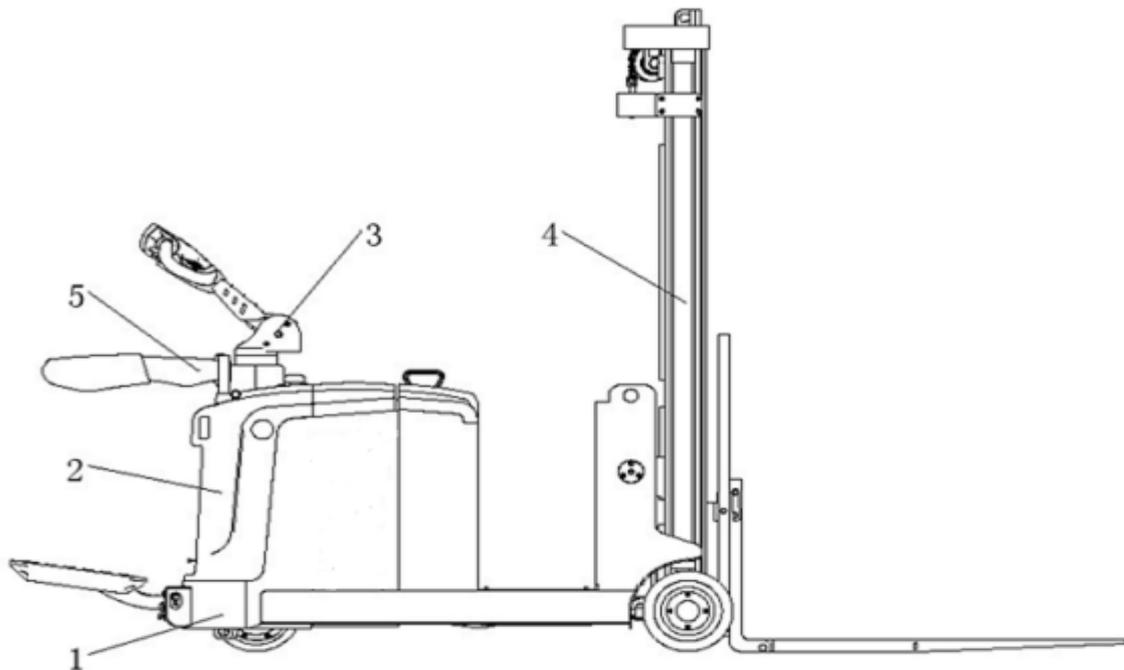
Lifting Motor		24V/2.5kw
Steering Motor		24/0.2kw
Battery voltage		24V/210AH (Side)
Service Weight	(lb)	3652

## 2 、 Basic structure and principle

### 2.1 Basic structure

With battery as power source, The stacker use electric and hydraulic to control driving, lifting, lowering, steering and so on.

Basic structure as picture:



1.Body assy.

2.Hood and other

3.Handle Module

4.Mast assembly

5.Barcer assembly

### 2.2 Operating principle

#### 2.2.1 Running system

The driving of battery is provided by the battery energy. To convert dc to ac frequency conversion system, by controlling the ac motor on the drive wheels. Ac motor through the gear reducer high speed low torque into low speed high torque, in the end by the driving wheel to perform an action. The speed of driving

is done by variable frequency control of motor speed.

Gear box in the factory has been posited enough gear lubricating oil. Under normal circumstances for every 1000 hours using replacement gear lubricating oil.

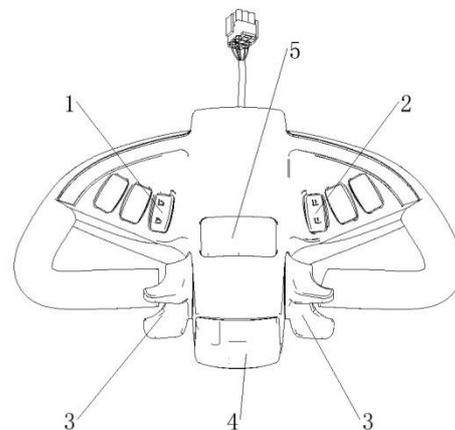
In use process, such as the sound heard gear box, should immediately stop check, judge whether the bearing damage or gear problem, change after repair can continue to use.

### 2.2.2 Steering system

The steering of stacker by the operating handle through the handle bar, drive to sensor by sensor signal steering through the steering motor to achieve.

### 2.2.3 Operating system

1. Forward and hypokinesis switch
2. Lifting and lowering switch
3. Fahrschalter
4. Belly switch
5. Horn button

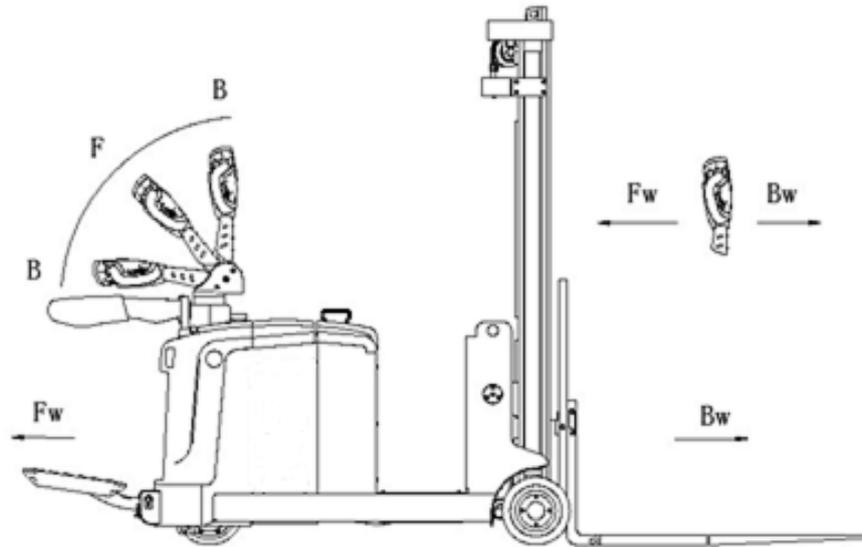


### 2.2.4 Braking system

Braking performance depends on road conditions and vehicle load conditions.

The brake function can be activated by the following way:

- ① Move the Fahrschalter (3) to position '0', The vehicle brake until it stops.
- ② Move the Fahrschalter directly(3) to the opposite direction, vehicle regenerative braking until it began in the opposite direction.
- ③ Vehicle braking, if the handle is moved up and down to the braking area (" B "). If the release handle, the handle automatically move to the braking area (" B ") vehicle brake until it stops.
- ④ Belly switch (4) Can prevent the operator will be squeezed, if the button to activate, behind the vehicle to slow down or start to (' Bw) driven a short distance, then stop. If the handle is in operation area and vehicles is not driving, please consider this button to throw this situation.



### 2.2.5 Operating system

The stacker main job agencies for goods fork, rely on pallet fork on the tray or cargo loading and unloading, stacking and short-distance transport operations.

Pallet fork installed in sliding shelves, carriage moved up and down inside the door frame, by driving chain or moving the whole frame to make goods out of the ground or piled up on the arrival of the goods shelf. The working of driving chain and moving whole inner frame is by lifting the oil cylinder telescopic to active. Stacking process is implemented by the control operation of oil cylinder telescopic.

Cylinder expansion by the operating lever control to achieve, by pumping station provides pressure oil. In the lifting oil cylinder of the loop equipped with safety relief valve, control the speed of slowing down the door frame, to achieve the effect of security lapses.

## 2.3 Electrical principle

### 2.3.1 Electrical principle

Piling car electrical system includes walking and job control, etc. The stacker be equipped with communication electronic assembly CURTIS1232E and CURTIS1230E which is from America. The instrument has the functions including with battery indicator, working time display and voltage protection. When the battery power is too low, electricity meter will cut off the oil pump motor start control circuit, stacking the car can only walk cannot ascend fork, tip should be charging immediately.

Oil pump motor is 5 minutes a week of dc motor, so the oil pump motor is not suitable for continuous operation for a long time. Lifting action should have time interval, not continuous, otherwise it will make motor fever, even destroyed.

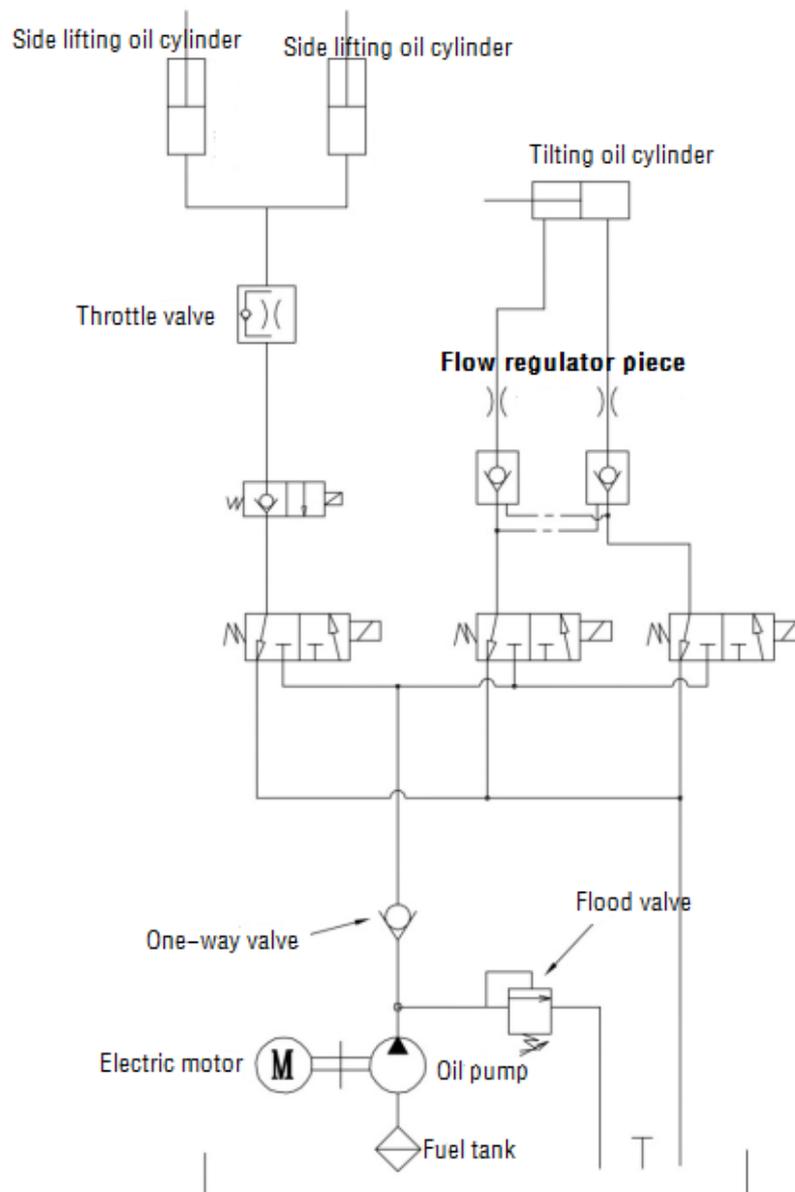
**Special tips:** When stacking cars use after a long time, the oil pump motor



## 2.4 Hydraulic Principle

The oil pump motor driving gear pump, it provides hydraulic power, two lifting cylinders are responsible for lifting the fork. Lifting oil way is controlled by handle. Lifting action is controlled by single-acting oil way which on the valve block. This model of the hydraulic system pressure is tested before they go out, if not company after-sales personnel or professional maintenance personnel are strictly forbidden to adjust themselves, to avoid safety accident.

### Hydraulic scheme



## **3 、 Safety operation and matters needing attention**

### **3.1 General rule**

**3.1.1** The operator must have a forklift operation qualification which proved by the relevant departments of the training before driving forklift truck.

**3.1.2** The operator must read the instructions before use all of the content, after fully understand operation method can drive forklift.

**3.1.3** Forklift trucks must not carry passengers.

**3.1.4** Operators should pay special attention to when homework operating environment, including other people nearby and fixed object.

**3.1.5** Without the manufacturer's approval, shall not modify, add or remove the forklift parts, lest affect performance of forklift.

### **3.2 Storage and transportation**

**3.2.1** Use container or car should pay attention to at the time of shipment:

① Front and rear wheels with wedge, begin to pull up the parking system, prevent sliding in the process of transportation;

② Using the lasso, not placed in the weak structure of the forklift truck;

③ When the forklift is used, keep the forklift truck's center of gravity in the intermediate position of the two goods forks.

**3.2.2** When forklift doesn't work, should be parked in a dry ventilated cleaning warehouse, prevent weathered. And:

① Close electric lock, make the safety switch power, unplug the power plug;

② Begin to pull up the parking system, front and rear wheels with block mat;

③ Such as discontinued for a long time, battery should be added once every 15 day electricity.

### **3.3 Check before using**

**3.3.1** New car if there is any damage in transit, please don't be put into use, and promptly get in touch with the supplier, do proper processing.

**3.3.2** New cars in the factory run parts has been filling lubricating oil, hydraulic oil tank has been listed.

**3.3.3** Forklift truck equipped with battery. The battery is charged before leaving factory. If leaving the factory for a long time, the battery be low. Before use should pay attention to electricity meter shows that when the electricity meter display to the last two warning, must charge at once. Every day before using, or before charging, should open the battery blocks, check the liquid level height, such as liquid level is too low to add distilled water in charge.

### **3.4 Operation specification**

Before operating the forklift, please be familiar with the dashboard function of each switch/button.

#### **3.4.1 Start, run and parking:**

- ① Insert the key into the key switch, turn to the right, the emergency power safety switch clockwise reset, gently open the control circuit.
- ② The fork rises from the ground about 4 in.
- ③ Begin to loosen parking system.
- ④ According to the requirements in the direction of the forward or backward direction of switches.
- ⑤ On the accelerating pedal slowly, until the required speed.
- ⑥ In the process of operation, forklift exception occurs fault, need to quickly cut off power supply, please press the red emergency power switch.
- ⑦ When forklift driving turn, should reduce speed, where possible, try not to turn.
- ⑧ Forklift truck carrying gradeability is 10%, so the uphill slope need to understand the situation, when climbing the forklift must accelerator pedal pressed down as far as possible, the maximum climbing force can be achieved.
- ⑨ Forklift in the process of downhill, loosen the accelerator pedal, in order to obtain the reverse braking current, if the reverse current can't control the downhill braking speed. Please on the brake pedal at the same time, to ensure safety.
- ⑩ When stopping driving f, leave the accelerator pedal, right foot on the pedal until the forklift stops completely. Put the pallet fork in the lowest position, taut hands in the car, press the safety switch, pull out the key.(Note that can't leave without a taut hand brake lever forklift).

#### **3.4.2 The steering wheel Angle adjustment**

According to the individual operating habits, steering wheel angle can be adjusted . Adjustment method is as follows: Loosen the left hand of direction column, adjust the steering wheel to the right position, then lock regulating handle.

#### **3.4.3 Accelerator pedal operation**

Determine the vehicle forward or backward. Toggle joystick in place, right foot will tread the foot pedal accelerator to make the vehicle slowly forward or backward. Continue down the pedal, the vehicle's speed to speed up. Started never put foot accelerator jammed on to the end, in order to avoid the vehicle out of control.

#### **3.4.4 Brake pedal operation**

When the vehicles need parking in moving , loosening the foot accelerator, Will move to the right foot on the brake pedal in the middle to depress and the vehicle will stop after .

#### **3.4.5 The using of emergency power safety switch**

When vehicles out of control on the moving or having smoking and anxious burnt flavor in the using, please pressed emergency switch on the dashboard shut off. Find out the reason and clear fault than to open. The method of the opening: turn the red button as clockwise, pop-up button up, open end.

Emergency power switch button for plastic parts, press down or clockwise not too hard, so as not to damage the switch.

#### **3.4.6 The use of speakers and reversing speakers**

For the safety of driving, vehicle equipped with speakers and reversing speakers. To remind others when driving, the steering wheel in the middle of the horn button, when walking vehicle reversing, reversing the horn alarm sound will start automatically alert pedestrians.

#### **3.4.7 The operation of the hydraulic control rod**

Hydraulic control rod is for hydraulic transmission parts distributor of different needs, there are two files, joystick is divided into the following functions:

(1) Pallet fork lift lever: a. fork to ascend (after); b. fork remains; c. fork lower (push)

(2) Tilt lever: a. hypokinesia (after); B. stay in situ; C. forward (push)

Every joystick can only manipulate a hydraulic circuit. Joystick when dial, with micro switch will start the oil pump motor rotating at the same time, the output pressure of hydraulic oil, make the related hydraulic components. In order to ensure the safety of hydraulic system pressure, the hydraulic valve block is equipped with pressure relief devices, once set pressure exceeds standard, control valve block automatically unloading overflow.

Note: the pressure of the hydraulic valve block device, cannot adjust at will!

#### **3.4.8 Battery capacity indicator**

The dashboard for forklift battery capacity has capacity display function, can also use electricity time statistics (cumulative hour).

#### **3.4.9 Handling stacking operation**

(1) How to transport the goods pile on weight

Will forklift drive to the front of the items which need to carry slowly , make fork parallel to the ground, lifting the fork to height, it can be inserted into the freight insert goods fork and move forward slowly, when the goods completely inserted into the goods after parking and stepping on the brakes, manipulating ascend handle, the heavy lifting to a certain height, make the door frame lean back, slowly astern, don't touch the adjacent goods, when weight completely left the heap of goods, reduce the goods to the right position, then walking for handling.

(2) The weight on the heap of goods

Will weight low, lean back door frame, to storage goods moving close to the pile of deceleration, when determining forklift with pile goods into a linear state, stepping on the brakes slowly adjust the door frame Angle to the vertical state, increase the weight will be slightly more than goods pile height, and then slowly driving forklift driving forward to pile top stop. Heap controls control lever slowly, once handling stacked drags the weight, the goods fork to the hollow position, from the weight of the goods fork, make sure barrier-free backward position, can retreat. After goods fork out weight reduce goods fork, door frame round of the reentry after handling operation.

### **3.5 Safe Operation Rules**

**3.5.1 Requirements for drivers:** The forklift must be operated by a trained staff. He can demonstrate the operation of the goods to the users, and can clearly guide the user how to operate the forklift.

**3.5.2 Drivers' rights, obligations and responsibilities:** Has been trained by the operation of the vehicle, the driver must be clear of his rights and obligations; and he is familiar with the contents of the relevant operating instructions. If the vehicle is pedestrian, the driver must also wear safety boots.

**3.5.3 Prohibit unauthorized personnel to operate:** the driver is responsible for the vehicle at work. He must prevent unauthorized persons from driving or operating this vehicle. It is forbidden to use the vehicle to transport or lift personnel.

**3.5.4 Malfunctions and defects:** There is any malfunction or defect for the vehicle, must immediately inform management. If the vehicle cannot be safely operated (e.g.: wheel wear or brake failure), then it must stop using until it is fully repaired.

**3.5.5 Safe operation and environmental protection:** inspection and maintenance must be performed in accordance with the time intervals on the maintenance list.

Parts of the vehicle cannot be changed without any permission, especially safety devices. The operating speed of the vehicle is not allowed to change.

All original spare parts have been verified by quality assurance department. To ensure the safety and reliability of the operation of the vehicle must use only the manufacturer's spare parts. The old parts, such as oils and fuels must be

handled in accordance with the relevant environmental protection rules.

**3.5.6 Hazardous area:** Hazardous area usually refers to the following range: vehicle or its load lifting devices (e.g. fork or accessories) is dangerous for personnel when running or lifting movements, or the ongoing regional transport loads. Typically, this range extends to the load or vehicle accessories landing area.

Unauthorized personnel must be asked to leave the dangerous zone. As long as the situation might cause some kind of damage, the driver must give a warning, if the driver asked the person to leave but did not leave the danger zone, the driver must immediately stop the vehicle

**3.5.7 Risk environment:** When working in high-risk environment, you must have a special design to be protected

The vehicle was not specially designed for the high-risk environment.

**3.5.8 Safety devices and warning signs:** Safety devices, warning signs and warning notes described in the previous operating instructions must be taken seriously enough.

**3.5.9 Driving in public places:** the vehicle is forbidden to drive in public places other than special areas.

**3.5.10 distance between vehicles:** Keep in mind that the vehicle in front could suddenly stop at any time, so please keep an appropriate distance.

**3.5.11 headroom:** When the headroom is below the cargo or mast, it is prohibit using the vehicle.

**3.5.12 the use in the elevator and loading platform maneuvering:** if there is sufficient loading capacity, does not affect the operation of the vehicle, and agreed by the user of the vehicle, lift and loading platform that can be used for vehicle transport. Before entering the elevator or loading station, driver must personally identify. The goods must be placed in front and occupy an appropriate place, when the vehicle enters the elevator, so as not to contact with the walls of the elevator. When personnel and vehicles take the elevator together, personnel must enter after the vehicle safety entered, and personnel must leave before the vehicle.

**3.5.13 With access and working area:** The vehicle must be operated on the specified channel, all the non-related personnel must leave the work area, and cargo should be stacked in designated places.

**3.5.14 Operations Management:** traveling speed must be adapted to local conditions. When through the corners, narrow passage, swing doors and closed place, the vehicle must slow down. Drivers must be able to visually an adequate braking distance between the vehicle and the vehicle in front, and he must remain in control of his vehicle. Sudden stop (unless urgent needs), rapid U-turn, chased each other in the channel is not allowed in not smooth places. It is forbidden to operate while the body is lean outside.

**3.5.15 Visibility:** The driver must look in the direction of travel, to ensure that the front situation is clearly visible. When the vehicle is backing up with the carriage of goods blocked the line of sight, there is must be a second person walk

in front of the vehicle to give appropriate guidance and warnings.

**3.5.16 via the ramp:** Only known ramp was allowed to go through. While the ramp should be clean, non-slip, and the vehicle technical specification includes the ramp. The goods on the forks must face uphill. It is forbidden to turn back, move diagonally or park on the ramp. The driver must slow down when going through the ramp, and prepare to brake at any time.

**3.5.17 ground load:** Remember to check the load pressure of the body weight or wheels on the ground does not exceed the capacity of the ground, when the vehicle is in operation.

**3.5.18 Vehicle Change:** any possible changes or modifications for rated load, stability or safe operation of the vehicle, must obtain prior written approval from origin manufacturers or its successor. After vehicle manufacturer check and approve the changes, nameplates, labels and markings of Operation and Maintenance Manual must be modified as well.

## 4、 Maintenance and Service Manual

### 4.1 Repair and maintenance of safety procedures

**Maintenance technician:** The maintenance and service should only be performed by special personnel trained by the manufacturer. After the technician sent by after-sales department of the manufacturer completed maintenance and servicing work, they should sign on the service log.

**Cleaning Operation:** Flammable liquid cannot be used for cleaning the stacker.

Before cleaning, take safety precautions to prevent electric sparks (e.g. sparks caused by short circuit). When operating the accumulator, connectors on it must be disconnected. Use soft air suction or compressed air, non-conductive and anti-static brushes to clean electric and electronic components.

**Operation of Electric System:** Operation on the electric system should only be performed by specially trained personnel. Before performing any operation on the electric system, precautions must be made to prevent electric shock. When operating the accumulator, connectors on it must be disconnected.

**Installation:** When repairing or replacing hydraulic components, electric and electronic components, make sure to install them back to their original positions.

**Wheels:** Quality of the wheels has significant effect on stability and driving performance of the stacker. Modification on wheels can be performed only with the approval from the manufacturer. When replacing wheels, ensure that the stacker is levelled as delivery state(wheels must be replaced in pairs, i.e. replace right wheel together with left one).

**Lifting chain and rollers:** Chain and rollers will be worn quickly without good lubrication. Perform periodic lubrication according to following maintenance table. Shorten the lubrication period under adverse operation conditions (such as in dusty and hot environment).

**Hydraulic oil pipe:** The oil pipe must be changed every 6 years. When change the hydraulic assembled parts, the oil pipe should be also changed.

#### **4.2 Routine Maintenance (Before every shift)**

**4.2.1** Check the liquid level of electrolyte in the accumulator.

The liquid level will be higher when being recharged.

**4.2.2** Check every pole, every cable and their covers.

**4.2.3** Check if the accumulator box is secured.

**4.2.4** Check the stacker for oil leakage.

**4.2.5** Check the chain, rollers, fork, oil pipes and horn.

**4.2.6** Check the brake.

**4.2.7** Check the wear and tear of drive wheels and loading wheels.

#### **4.3 Professional Maintenance Manual**

It is very important for safe operation of the stacker to perform overall professional maintenance. Failure in performing maintenance according to specified interval may cause malfunction of the stacker, and potential risk to human and equipment.

Maintenance periods listed in this manual apply to single shift a day under normal operation conditions. If using in dusty environment, the ambient temperature varies remarkably or in multi-shift situation, the maintenance period has to be shortened.

Maintain the stacker according to following maintenance list. Maintenance periods are as follows:

W1 = Every 50 work hours, but at least once a week.

M3 = Every 500 work hours, but at least once every three months

M6 = Every 1000 work hours, but at least once every six months

M12 = Every 2000 work hours, but at least once every 12 months

Additional operations should be performed in trial run period:

(In initial 50 – 100 working hours or after two months)

— Check the nuts on the wheels, and tighten them if necessary.

— Check the hydraulic components for leakage, and tighten them if necessary.

— Replace the hydraulic filter.

#### **List of maintenance**

## **4.4 Maintenance, Recharging and Replacement of the accumulator**

The stacker must be parked in a safe location before any operation on the accumulator.

### **4.4.1 Maintenance Technician**

Only qualified technician can perform operations on the accumulator such as recharging, maintenance and replacing. Before operation carefully read instruction manuals including operation manual, replenishment preparation and recharging requirements.

### **4.4.2 Fire Prevention Measures**

Never smoke or use open fire when perform operations on the accumulator. The accumulator should be away from flammable material at least two meters when storage or recharging. The location for accumulator storage should be well ventilated and equipped with firefighting devices.

### **4.4.3 Maintenance of the Accumulator**

- 1) Keep the nuts on every battery cell dry and clean. Tighten every terminal and cable end, and brush them with grease to prevent corrosion. Naked cable ends and terminal posts should be covered with a skid-proof insulating cover.
- 2) Every two cells should be well-connected. Check the nuts on each pole, if loose, tighten the nuts.
- 3) Keep the surfaces of accumulator clean and dry. After the completion of recharging, clean spilled acid with cotton yarns or brush. And clean with wet towel if necessary.
- 4) Over recharging and over discharging should be avoided, and fast charging and insufficient recharging are also not allowed. Otherwise life span of the accumulator may be affected.
- 5) Do not put conductive objects including metal tools on the accumulator, or short circuit or even explosion may be caused.
- 6) Never spill any hazardous liquid or solid material on surfaces of the accumulator. When using a densimeter or a thermometer, make sure the surface is clean and clear.
- 7) Recharge the discharged accumulator in time. Delayed recharging may damage the accumulator. Do not delay recharging more than 24 hours. Recharging of the accumulator may not work outdoors in cold weather. In this case, move it indoors to perform recharging.

- 8) If the accumulator will not be in use for a long time, it should be recharged and discharged once every month and it should be fully recharged every time.
- 9) During recharging or using, the liquid level of electrolyte lowers because of water evaporation, so pure water should be added. It is not allowed to add electrolyte with a specific weight of 1.280.
- 10) If individual cell fails, identify the cause and repair the cell immediately. Replace the cell when it cannot be repaired.
- 11) The site for recharging should be well ventilated. It is prohibited to smoke or use open fire, avoiding the risk of hydrogen explosion.
- 12) The electrolyte in accumulator is toxic and corrosive. For this reason, always wear working suit and protection glasses to protect your body from contacting the electrolyte in accumulator.
- 13) If your clothes, skin or eyes are spilled with acid liquid in accumulator, flush with large amount of clean water. For skin and eyes, flush with large amount of clean water and also seek doctor's treatment immediately. Acid spillage must be neutralized and treated immediately.
- 14) The weight and dimensions of the accumulator have remarkable effect on stability of the stacker. Therefore do not modify the type of accumulator without approval from the manufacturer.
- 15) Never discharge in large current, for example, performs travelling and lifting simultaneously.

#### 4.4.4 Disposition of worn-out accumulators

Worn-out accumulators should be recycled according to local regulations, and stored in specified zone or cast-off treatment zone. These works should be done by qualified specialized companies.

#### 4.4.5 Specification of the accumulator

Battery		Charger	
Rated power: 24V	Rated capacity: 210/240Ah	Input: 195/265VAC 50/60Hz	Output: DC24V30A

Uninsulated terminal poles on the accumulator should be protected with an insulated cover. When connecting the accumulator and socket, make sure to stop the stacker and put the switch at position "0". When replace or install the accumulator, make sure the accumulator is fixed securely in battery box.

#### 4.4.6 Storage, transportation and installation of the accumulator

The stacker must be parked on the level ground steadily. To prevent short circuit, naked cable ends and the terminal posts should be covered with insulated covers. When pulling out the accumulator, properly arrange removed accumulator's connectors and cables without blocking access of the accumulator.

When install or remove the accumulator with a crane, make sure the load capacity is sufficient (weight of the accumulator is marked on both the nameplates of the accumulator and the stacker.) The crane must pull vertically to prevent the battery box from being damaged. The hooks of the crane should be safe and secure. Never let the hooks fall on an individual battery .

— Press emergency stop switch and turn the power supply switch to OFF position

— Remove the connectors of accumulator cables.

—Connect the lifting device to lifting holes.

—Lift out the accumulator from the top and move away with handling equipment.

Perform installation in reverse order of above steps. It is noticeable to put the accumulator in right position and connect the cables securely. After reinstalling the accumulator, always check all cable connections and connectors for obvious damage.

#### 4.4.7 Battery power indicator

Battery power display table: ten article showing represent 100% of the battery. With the consumption of battery capacity, the glowing article shows will be from top to down.

The color of LED show the different states :

Name	LED Color	
The standard battery remaining power	Green	70-100%
	Orange	30-60%
	Red blinking	0-20%

Battery discharge on 70%, red lamp will be blinking “Energy storage”;

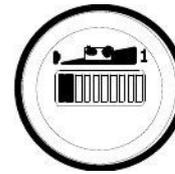
Battery discharge on 80%, two lamp will blinking “run out of battery”, Must to the accumulator.



Full



Need to recharge



Low battery

#### 4.4.8 Charging

The Electric stackers is supplied with a special charger for recharging.

**A:**Read the instruction manual carefully before recharging.

**B:**The batteries should be recharged in well-ventilated areas. Make sure no metal objects placed on the accumulator. Check all cables connection and connectors for obvious defects. Observe strictly all safety instructions, e.g. replenishment of the accumulator and preparation for recharging.

**C:**Hydrogen will be precipitated in the charging process. So the accumulator room should be well-ventilated, and the hydrogen content shall be strictly controlled to ensure safety.

**D:**For the safety of the cooperation, the stacker should be added protective cover before using.

## 5、 Repair Manual

### 5.1 Fault Diagnosis

fault	cause	Processing method
The vehicle can't move	The battery connector is not connected	Check the battery connector , connected if necessary
	Electric lock switch on “0”	Electric lock switch turn right
	Emergency Stop Switch not open	Open the Emergency stop switch
	Battery power runs out	Check the battery charge , If it is necessary to recharge
	The stacker being charge	Interrupt charging process

	The fuse is damaged	Check the fuse
The goods cannot ascend	The stacker no running	According to the "vehicle cannot move" listed in the fault processing method of operation
	Less hydraulic oil	Check the hydraulic oil
	The fuse is damaged	Check the fuse
	Over weight	Note the load capacity
	the micro switch of lifting contact is not good or damaged	Check the fuse
The goods can't drop	The dirty oil blocking control valve	Check the hydraulic oil and cleaning control valve, and if necessary change, the hydraulic oil.
	Lowering solenoid valve no open or damaged	Check the lowering solenoid valve or change
Can't stop rising	Lifting micro switch damaged	Cut the power, change lifting micro switch
A direction moving	Micro switch and cable jumper contact is not good	Check the micro switch and connect jumper witch on the control handle
The stacker move slowing	Battery power shortage or homologous cable jumper contact is not good	Check the battery power led and homologous cable jumper contact.
The car suddenly started	Controller is damaged.	Change the controller
	The handle which control the forward or back is no reset.	Repair or change

If above steps still can not solve problems, please contact after-sales service department of the manufacturer and have the problems solved by specially trained technicians.

## 5.2 Preparation before repair

To prevent possible accidents during maintenance and repair work, following preparations must be done:

- Park the stacker safely.
- Press the emergency stop switch and disconnect the connectors on accumulator.

## 5.3 Check hydraulic oil level

- Get the stacker ready for maintenance or repairing.
- Open the cover of electric unit.
- Check hydraulic oil level in oil tank.

Check the hydraulic oil level only after the fork and main frame are lowered to their lowest position.

## **5.4 Use Preparation after maintenance or repairing**

Use the stacker only after following operations have been completed.

- Clean the stacker.
- Check the brake.
- Check the emergency stop switch.
- Check the horn.

**This manual final interpretation retained by manufacturers.**